

MAKING AGRI-FOOD SYSTEMS WORK FOR THE RURAL POOR IN EASTERN AND SOUTHERN AFRICA

Kenya Agricultural Research Institute

International Development Research Centre



TEGEMEO INSTITUTE OF
AGRICULTURAL
POLICY AND DEVELOPMENT

Presented during dissemination workshop on making the agri-food system work for the poor held on 9th March 2011 at the St Martins Catholic Church Hall, Nyahururu

Overall Goal of Agri-Food Systems Project

 Enhance adaptation of pro-poor agri-food system innovations to improve food security and sustainable natural resource management

Objectives of Project

Specifically the project will:

- 1. Identify and promote local innovations and adaptation strategies that work for the poor rural men and women to cope with food security vulnerabilities.
- 2. Adapt and scale up technology and market innovations for promoting orphan crops that enhance food security, increase incomes and ecosystem integrity in selected areas of Malawi, Kenya and Uganda.
- 3. Analyze and **promote specific policies and governance** mechanisms for sustainable agri-food systems.
- 4. Determine mechanisms for scaling up agri-food systems and sustainable agriculture

Workshop Outputs

Introduce Agri-food Systems Project

 Share findings from a recent study on Governance

Get Feedback from Stakeholders

Chart a way forward/Action plan

ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURES AND COMMUNITYS' VOICE/PRESENCE IN GOVERNANCE OF FOOD SECURITY RELATED INITIATIVES

Objective I of Study

- Characterize the governance structures and profiles of various organs identifying the:
 - representation of various players
 - vertical and horizontal linkages between oversight committees at the local and regional, national levels

Source of Information

 DC/DO1, DAO, DAEO, NGO representatives, CDF manager, community leaders

Farmer Representatives

Governance Structures in Food Security Related Initiatives

Oversight Committees

Influential Committees at <u>Division</u> level

- Sub-DDC
- Div. SHF
- Ndaragwa Water Project
- Rianjeru Focal
 Dev. Area
- Sub. Comm. Hort.
- Sub-DAC

Influential Committees at <u>District</u> level

- DAC
- DCU_NMK
- DDC
- District Hort.
 Committee
 (SHOMAP)
- DSHF

Influential Committees at Village level

- Block Reps. Comm
- Cattle Dip Comm
- CCGs Comm
- Githinguci water Project
- Kangonde water Project
- Karagoini Co-op Comm
- Leshau- Mbuyu water proj.
- Leshau- FADC SHG Comm
- Munyeki road and water project
- Muricho Subline B comm
- VDC
- Village Health Comm
- Wabuku water project

Influential Committees at Location level

- KAPP Steering Comm
- CHW Comm
- DGAK
- FADC- NALEP
- FDC CKDAP
- IFAD Comm
- LDC local leaders meeting
- Leshau- Mbuyu water proj.
- Ndaragwa Water Project

Key Oversight Committees in Food Security Initiatives

Committee	Function	Representation	Linkages
District	(1)Deliberate on	DC, Head of	Vertical - from
Development	issues concerning	departments at	the VDCs, LDC,
Committee/	the wellbeing of	the district, DOs,	sub- DDC
District	the citizens in the	Chiefs, Religious	Horizontal -
Steering	district for	representation,	through the
Committee	prioritization	NGO/CBO/FBO,	invitation of line
	(2)Monitors crop and	MP	ministries
	food security		
	situation in the		
	district		

Key Oversight Committees in Food Security Initiatives

Committee	Function	Representation	Linkages
District Agricultural Committee	1)Deliberate on all Agriculture and also environmental related issues 2)Platform for generation and recommendation of agriculture related policy items	DC, Head of departments at the district,4 farmers rep, Religious representation,	Vertical - through incorporation of farmers representative to the Sub-DAC (Division level) and in the DAC

Key Oversight Committees in Food Security Initiatives

Function	Representation	Linkages
	•	Vertical - Stems from absorbing FADC (location) members to the Div. stakeholder Forum and DSHF Feedback mechanism - expected that with the strong presence of farmers, civil society, decisions made at the committee will
	1)Empowerment of rural citizens i.e. thro' advocacy, improved marketing channels 2)Solicit for funds for local projects 3) Plan for agricultural Activities i.e. Field	1)Empowerment of rural citizens i.e. thro' department, advocacy, improved marketing channels 2)Solicit for funds for local projects 3) Plan for agricultural Activities i.e. Field Government department, NGO/CBO, private sector, financial institution and farmer representation

Key Oversight Committees in Food Security Initiatives

Committee	Function	Representation	Linkages
District	1) Vet on proposals	Government	Horizontal - at
Coordinati	ng for funding and	department,	the grass-root
Unit (DCU	submits them to the	NGO/CBO,	level uses the
	national secretariat	private sector,	same groups as
	2)Access the	technical experts	Nalep
	progress of the	i.e in food	Vertical -
	funded groups and	process and	(1)Through the
	give technical	farmer	Sub DCU groups
	support	representation	are prepared with
			proposal writing
			skills

Observations

- Decentralized agri-food system at various administrative levels
- Vertical linkages across the committees at different levels
 - from group to district level
- All stakeholders represented
 - High government representation at district and division level committee
 - Modest representation by farmers, low civil and private sector
- Different committees addressing social and productive issues on food security, environment
 - Horizontal linkages??

Objective 2 of Study

 Assess/evaluate citizen awareness and participation in governance of food security initiatives by evaluating citizens' perceptions and satisfaction with:

activities and

management

of food security related initiatives

Method used in Evaluation of Governance

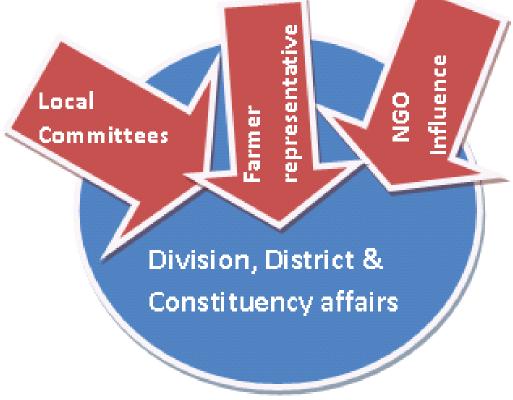
 Based on 2 outcomes of Good governance

- Outcome1
 - ACCOUNTABILITY Micro-accountability
- Outcome2
- EFFECTIVE & EFFICIENT

ACCOUNTABILITY Micro-accountability

- Citizens Perception of management in committees
- Citizens participation in various committees & in civil society

• *Citizens empowerment* – Their perception of their influence:



EFFECTIVENESS& EFFICIENCY

Awareness & satisfaction with services

- aware of specific agricultural/food/environment related project (use list projects on site)
- Satisfaction with agricultural/food/environment related services/facilities

Participation of civil society or private sector in production or service delivery

- Number of NGO, CBO, firms engaged to produce or deliver services to local community
- Number of NGO, CBO, firms engaged in monitoring and evaluation (oversight) of production or delivery of services to local community

EFFECTIVENESS& EFFICIENCY

Extent and quality of participation of civil society or private sector in local bodies

- Proportion of civil society or private sector in local agricultural/food related bodies/organs/committees
- Frequency of meetings of local agricultural/food related bodies/organs/committees
- Attendance rate (number of meetings attended out of total meetings, number attending each meeting) of civil society or private sector in local agricultural/food related bodies/organs/committee meetings

END of First Part of Presentation

COMMUNITYS' VOICE/PRESENCE IN GOVERNANCE OF FOOD SECURITY RELATED INITIATIVES

Source of Information

Farmers

Farmer Representatives

• DC/DO1, DAO, DAEO, NGO reps., CDF manager, community leaders

• Office records/minutes & attendance lists for committee meetings

Sampling Procedure

- Contacted MOA for a list of NMK groups operating in the district
- Got a list of 11 groups
- Telephone interviews with the all the II group
 - Membership, activities, collaboration and representation
- Purposively selected 8 groups based
 - -experience with NALEP, NMK Natural Resource Management and orphan crops
 - Experience with local committees and programs
- Purposively selected 3 MOA official, 3 farmer representative and 3 reps of the civil society

Sampling

Respondents	Total	Sample/ Target	Position	Sampling procedure
			2 officials and 1 farmer per	
Farmers groups	165	24	group	Purposive
MOA		3	DAO , DCDO, DAEO	Purposive
Civil Societies	1	2	KENAPOFA,Tree is Life,	Proportion to size
CIVII Societies	4	2	KENAPOFA, ITEE IS LIIE,	Proportion to size
Farmers			DSHF, DAC, DCU, PAB, District	
representatives	6	3	Horticultural Committee	Purposive

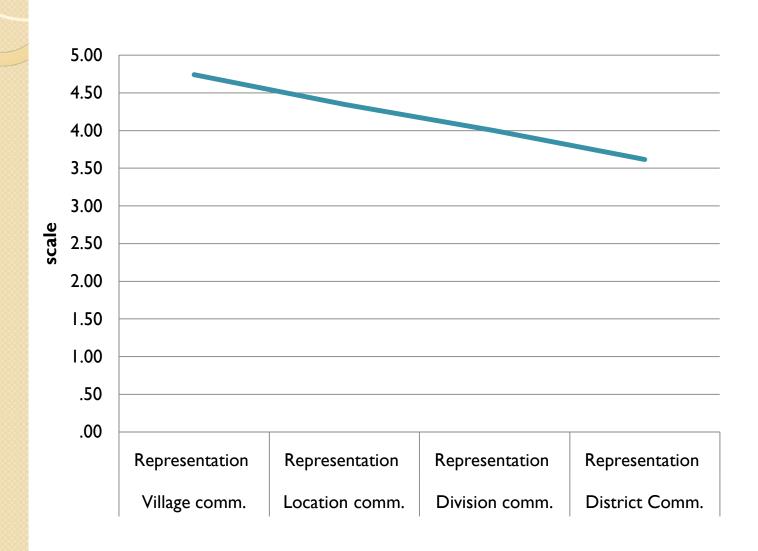
Geographic location of the farmers

District	Division	Location	Village
Nyandarua North	Ndaragwa	Leshau, Gathanga Kirita, Murichu	Mbuyu, Karagoini, Githunguchi, Shauri , Murichu Karagoini

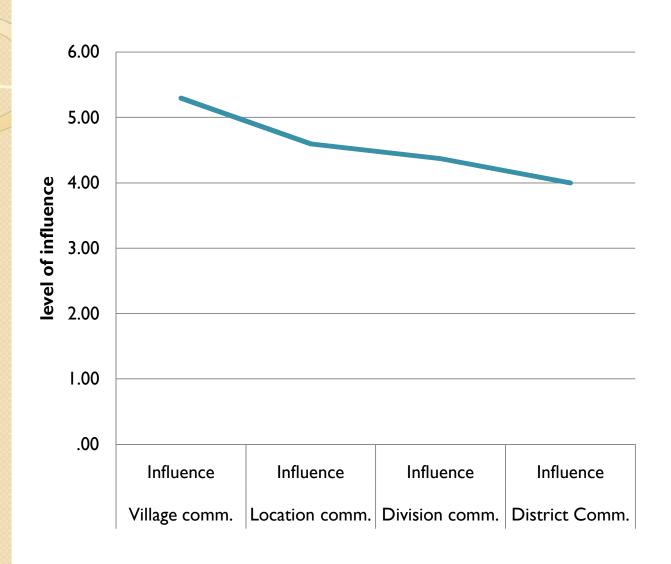
Results

- Awareness of oversight committees
- Farmer representation & Farmer influence
- Farmer satisfaction with interventions & benefits from
- Perception on management
- Farmer participation in activities & meetings
- Farmer awareness of civil society, their activities & their influence

Perception on Farmer Representation in Oversight Commitees (on a scale of I-7)

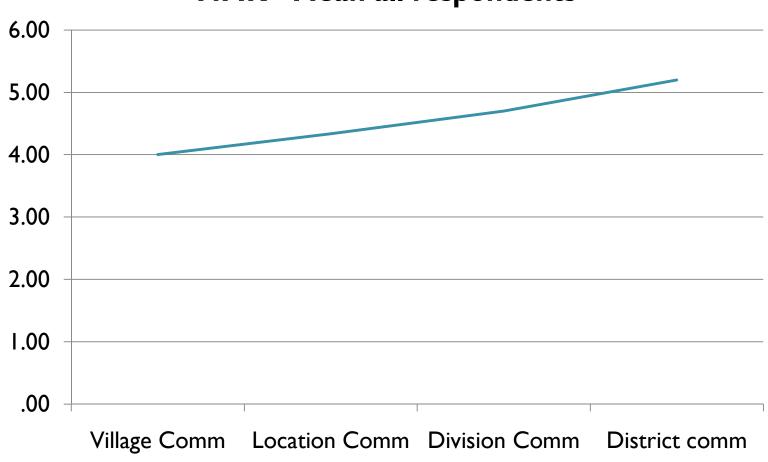


Perception on Farmer Influence in Oversight Committees (on a scale of 1-7)

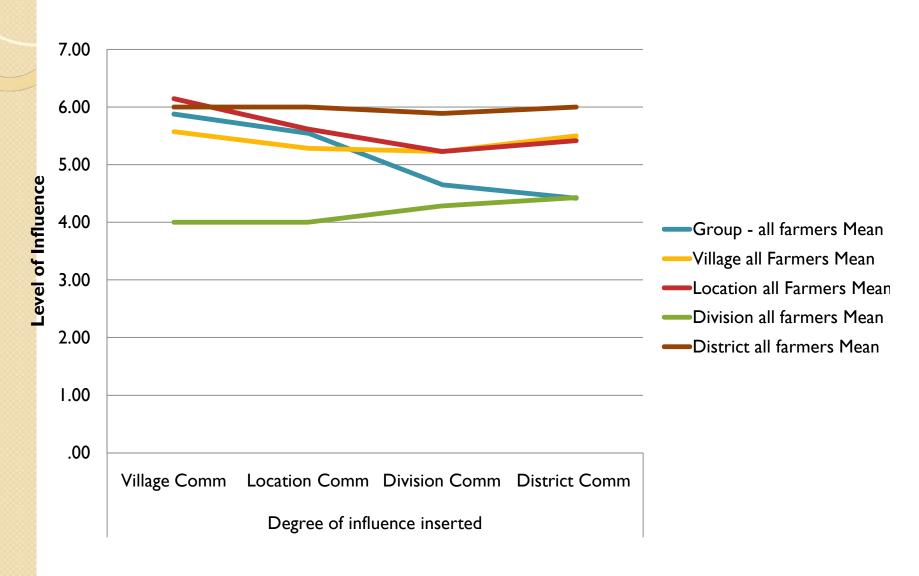


Perception of Management in Oversight Committees (on a scale of I-7)

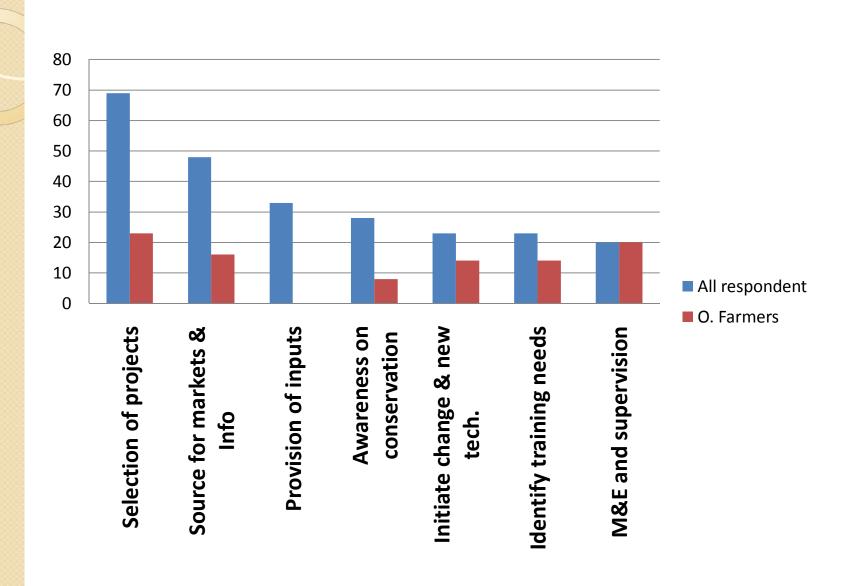
NMK - Mean all respondents



Farmers Perception of the Influence of Various Committees on Issues Discussed and Decisions Made at Different Levels

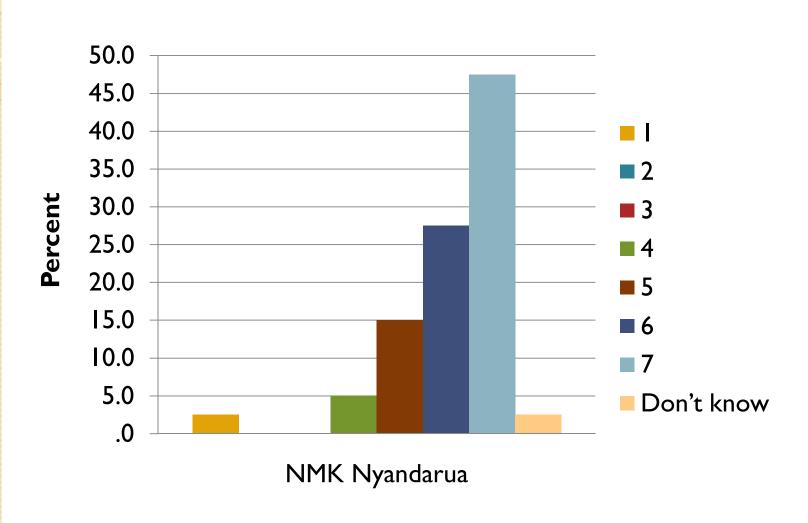


Top 7 issues Influenced by local committees (mentioned in percent)

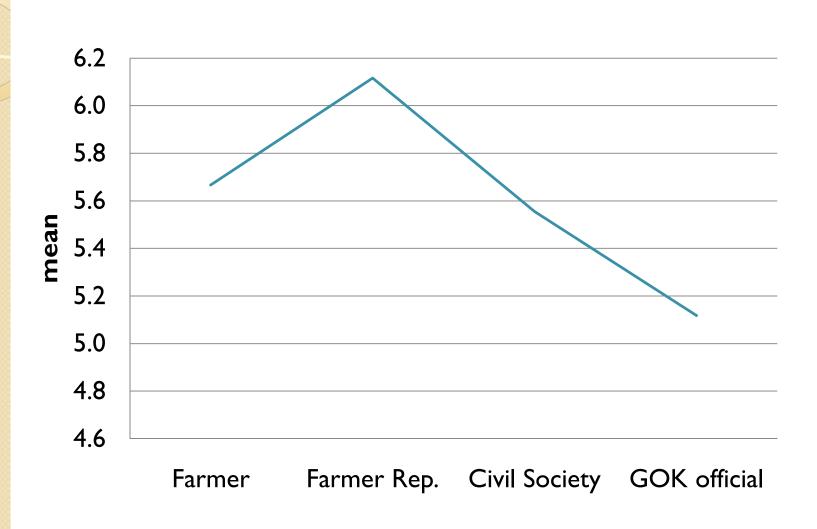


CITIZEN SATISFACTION

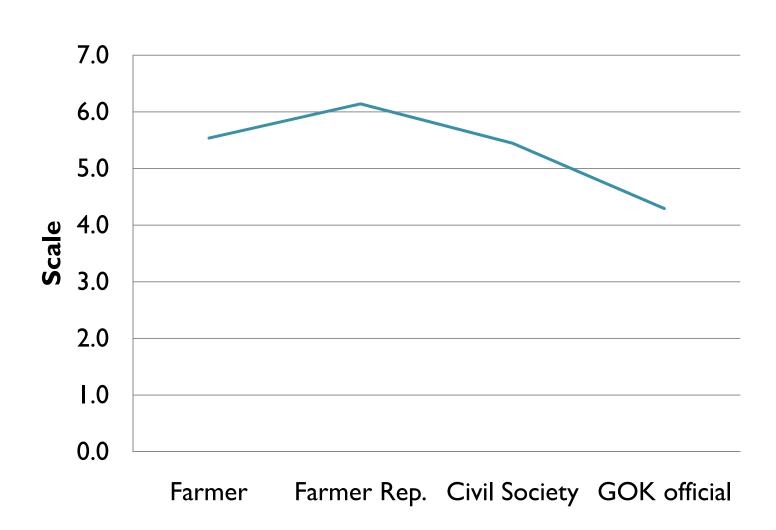
Ordinary Farmers Satisfaction with Project Activities (NMK) on a scale of I - 7



Satisfaction with Project Intervention (on a scale of I - 7)



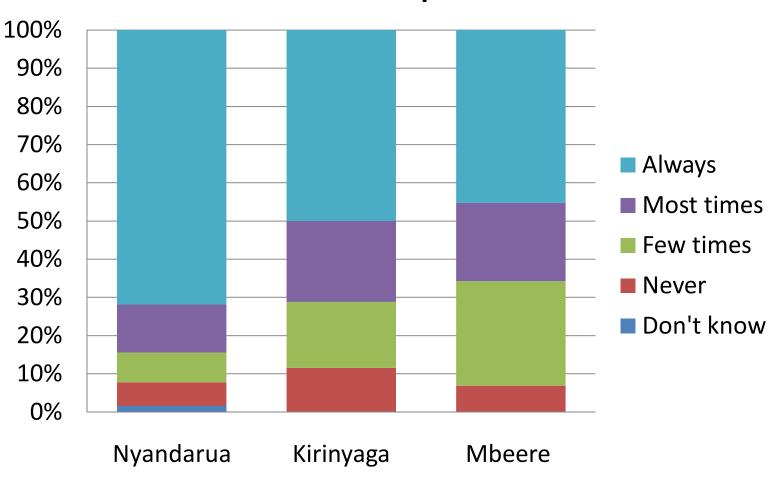
Satisfaction with Project Benefits (on a scale of I - 7)



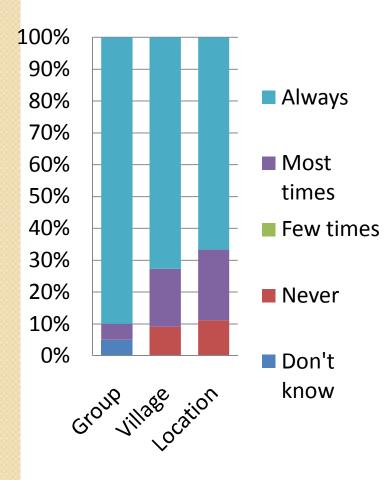
CITIZEN PARTICIPATION

Involvement in Project Activities

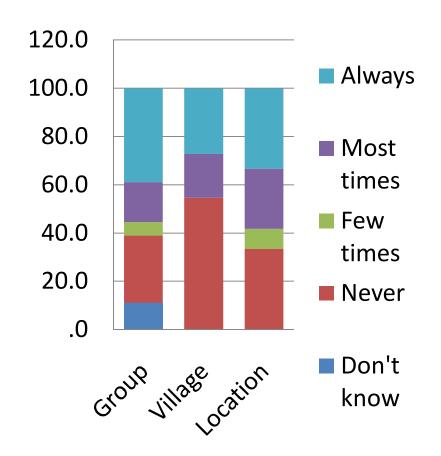
all levels all respondents



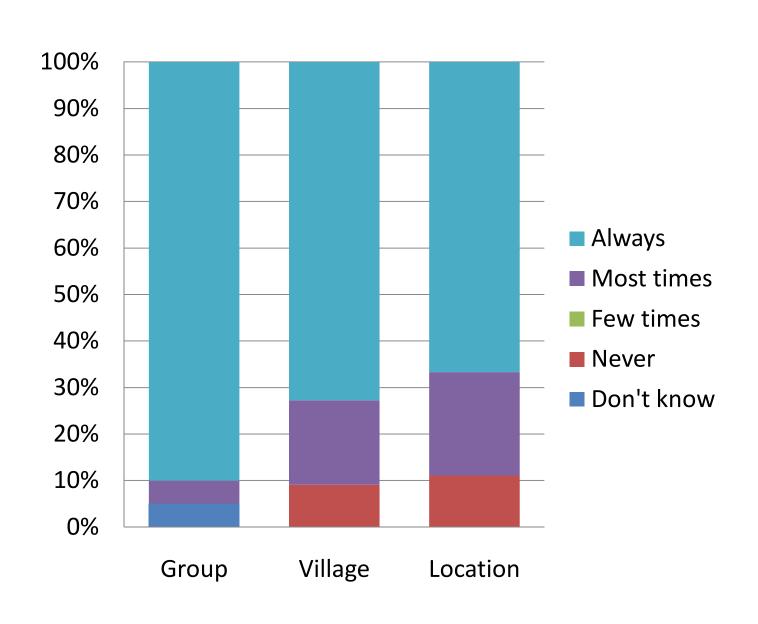
Involvement in Project Activities



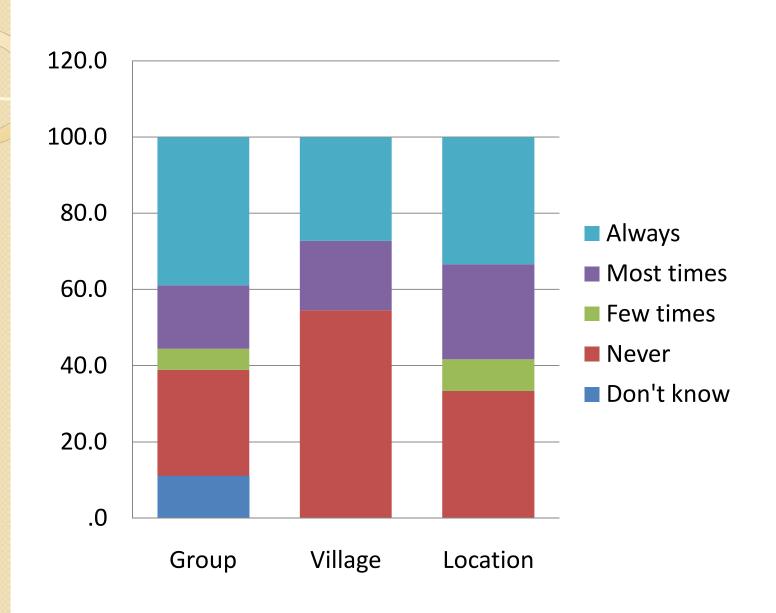
Involvement in Project <u>Meetings</u> called by committee



Extent of Involvement in Project Activities by Ordinary Farmers



Involvement in Project Meetings Called by Committee



Mandate of Committees -Nyandarua

Group level



- Coordinate day to day activities
- Don't know
- Prioritising project and exploring opportunity for advancement
- Supervise, settle conflicts and report back on activities
- Mobilising and maintain membership registry
- Plan, Dev. strategies and organise project activities
- Awereness creation and and offering advise on cross-cutting issues
- Proposal writing, sourcing and utilisation of funds
- Train and desseminate information

Village level



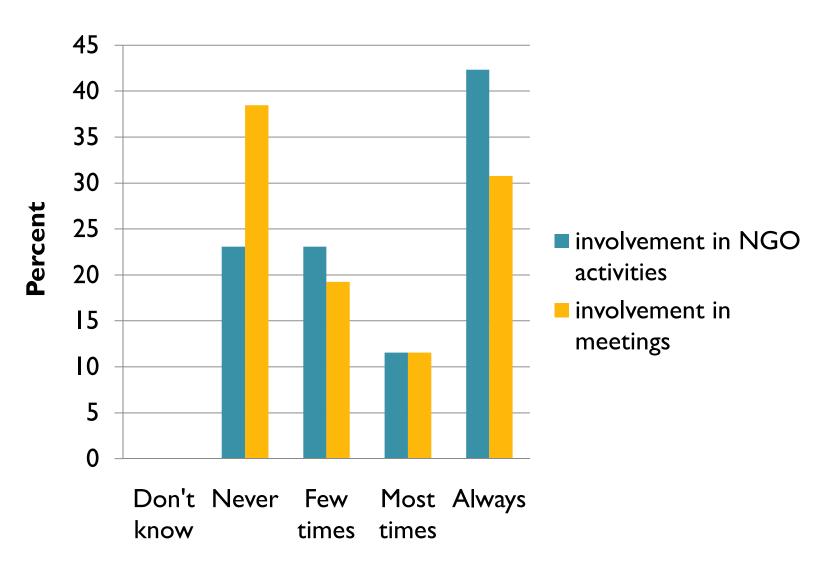
- Mobilising & keep members registry
- Coordinate day to day activities
- Don't know
- Project Prioritisation
- Sourcing for fund
- Community welfare
- Plan project activities
- Allocation of tasks

Location level

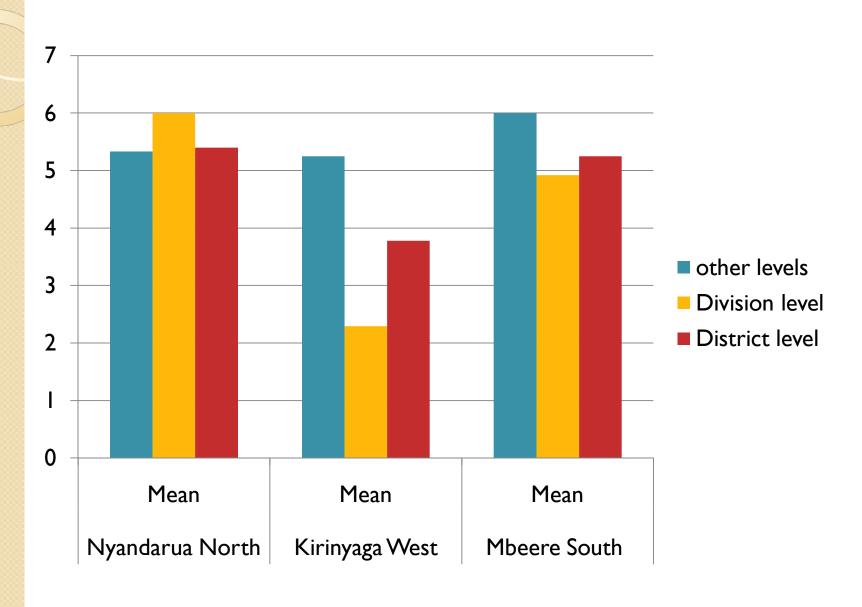


- Awereness creation and and offering advise on cross-cutting issues
- Coordinate day to day activities
- Don't know
- Improve gen. welfare of the community
- Mobilising and maintain membership registry
- Plan, Dev. strategies and organise project activities
- Prioritising project and exploring opportunity for advancement
- Proposal writing, sourcing and utilisation of funds
- Represents group interests in different fora
- Supervise, settle conflicts and report back on activities
- Train and desseminate information

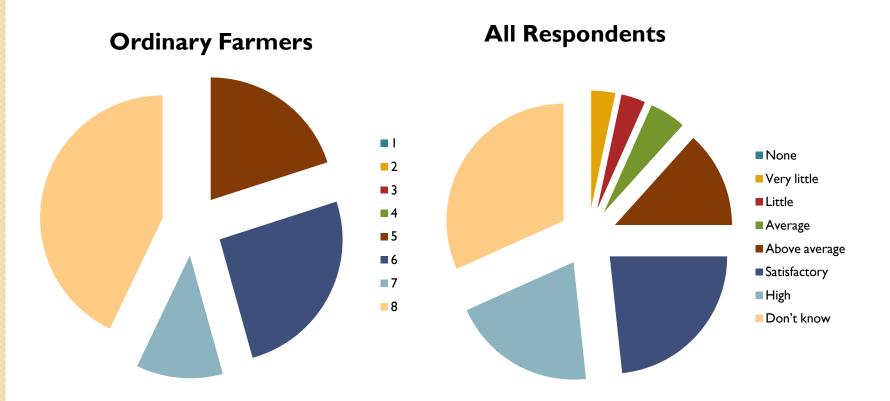
Extent of ordinary farmer involvement in NGO/Civil Society Activities & Meetings



Citizen Perception on NGO's influence in Oversight Committees (scale of I-7)



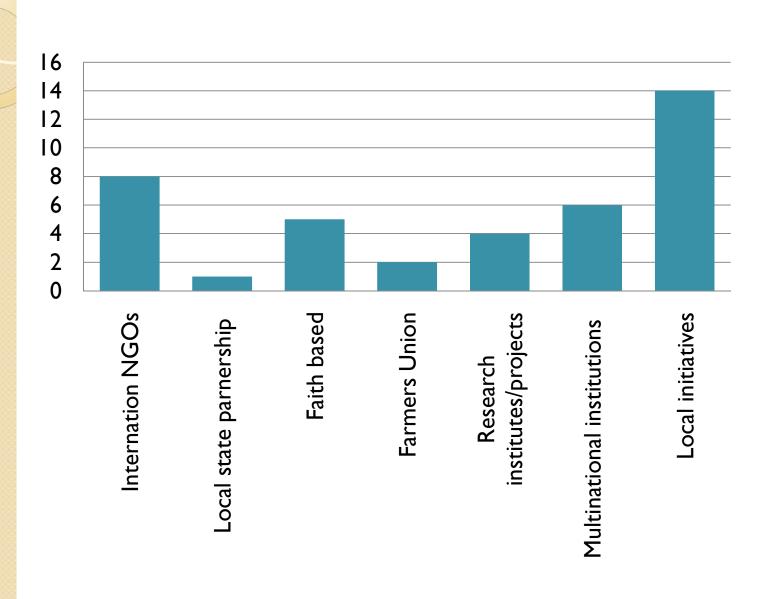
Perception on NGO's influence in Committees



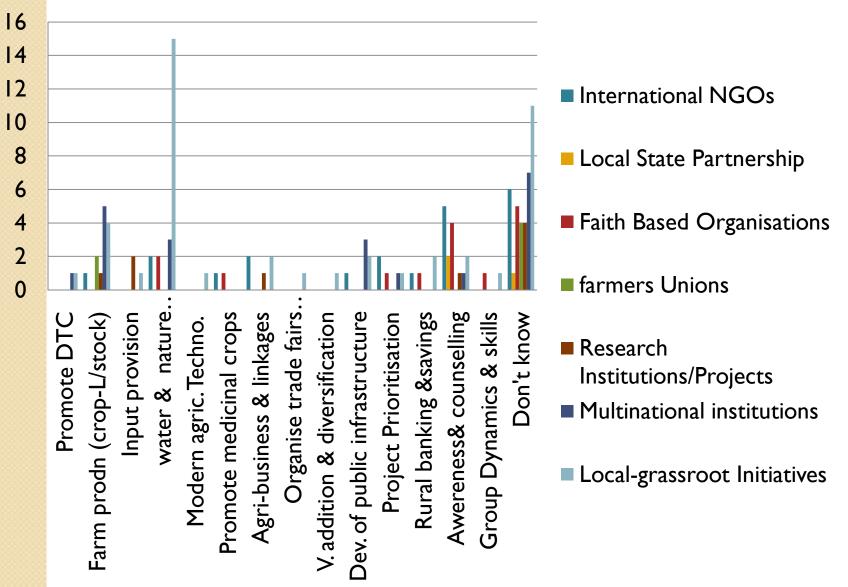
NGOs by Category

- International NGOs i.e. GTZ Joint programs
- Local state parnership i.e Kenya govt. and the US or Japan Under a faith denomination
- Faith based i.e. ACK church. This does not include Big NGOs like world vision or CRS
- Farmers Union i.e. KenFAP and Kenapofa
- Research institutes i.e. KARI
- Multinational institutions i.e. the EU and the UN organisations
- Local initiatives i.e. with a kenyan 'Origin' and or operates within a small geographical area. May or may not have external support

Frequency of Mention of NGO by Category

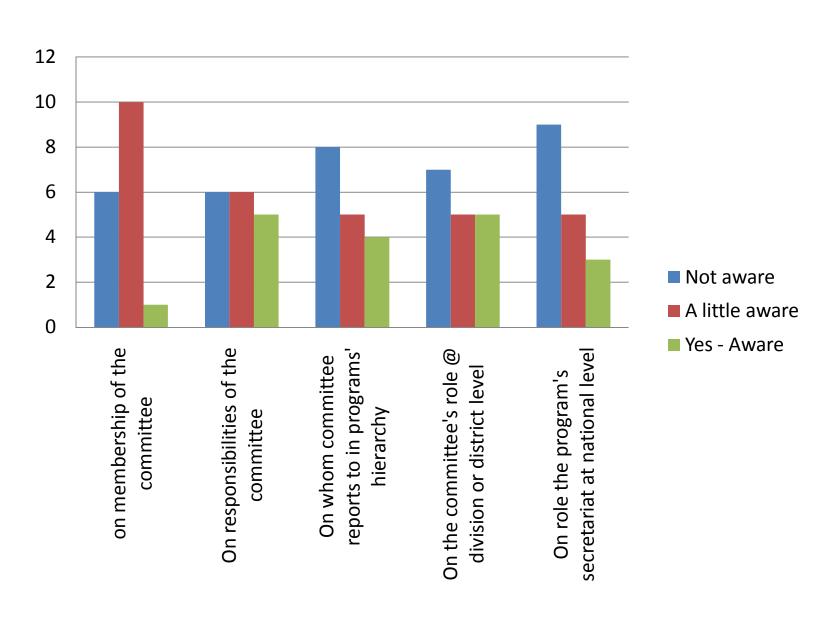


NGO Category and activities Nyandarua

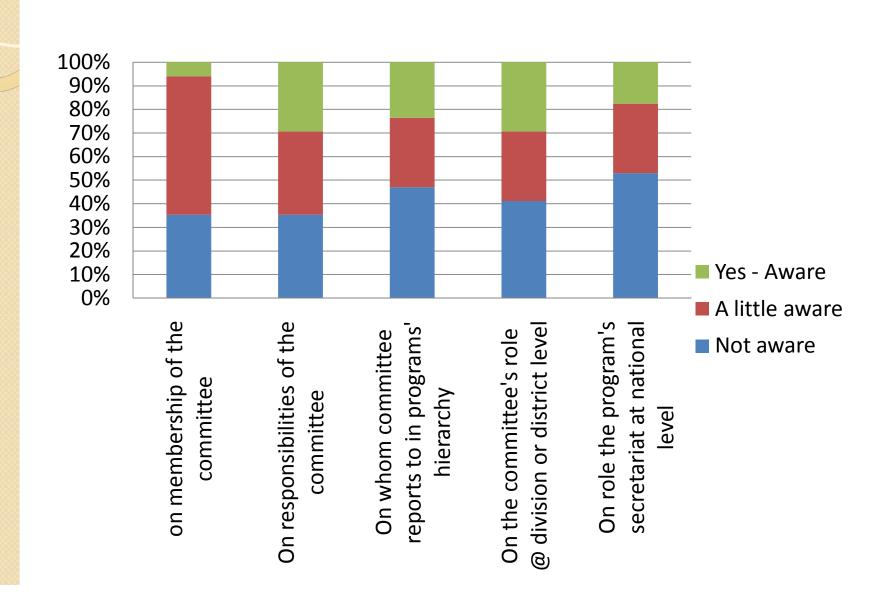


Awareness

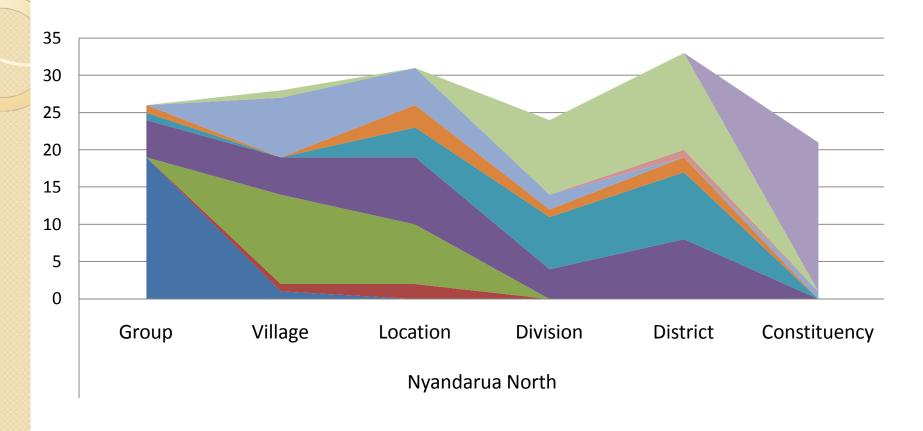
Ordinary Farmers Awareness of Programs' Structure and Composition (NMK program) - Frequency



Ordinary Farmers awareness of Programs' Structure and Composition (NMK program)



Awareness of Committees at Various Administrative Levels



- Food prodn, nutrion security Marketing & V. addition
- Nalep program Committees
- Water & Conservation
- Main CDF Committee

- Other programs Committees NGO Committees
- Farmers Unions

- **■** Local Committees
- Public technical Committees

Village Level Committees



- Livestock related Committees
- Marketing
- Health Committees
- Local initiative (multi-purpose)

- Food security
- Security
- Nalep Committees
- Water project committees

Committees in Nyandarua

Division Location

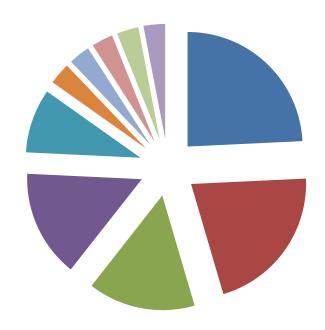


- Div. SHF
- Hort. Sub. Comm.
- Sub DDC
- Sub-DAC
- Aphia II Div. Comm.
- Div. Implementation Team (DIT-NMK)
- Food Security Comm
- Kirima water and goat Comm
- National Integration and Cohesion Comm
- Ndaragwa Water Project
- Sub- DCU NMK

- FADC- NALEP
- Location Water Proj. IFAD
- KAPP Steering Comm
- Community Policing Comm
- Dorep
- GTZ
- Karagoini Water project Comm
- Loc. Health Comm
- Ndaragwa Water Project
- Shauri Loc. Comm

- LDC local leaders meeting
- Umbrella Comm
- CIV (Forestry Comm)
- DGAK
- FDC CKDAP
- IFAD Comm
- Leshau- Mbuyu water proj.
- Mathugara revolving fund IFAD
- Rural electrifictaion Comm

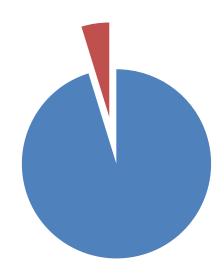
District Level Committees



- DSHF
- DAC
- District Hort. Comm
- CFA Comm
- DPCU (CKDAP)

- DDC
- DCU_NMK
- Aphia II District Comm
- District Health Comm
- KENDAPO

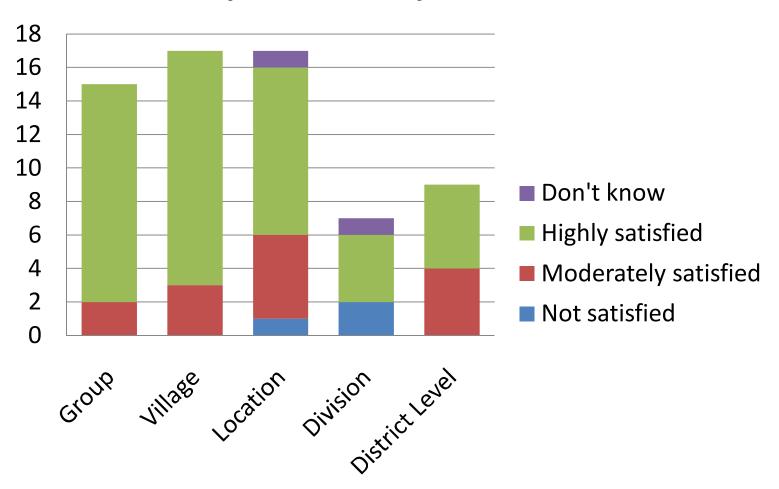
Constituency Level Committees



- CDF Comm. (District Main)
- CDF Water Comm

Citizen satisfaction with management in project committees (frequency)

Ordinary Farmers in Nyandarua



Evidence of Representation and Participation in Oversight Committees at the District Level

Participation in Production or Service Delivery to Local Community in the Nalep and NMK Programs

Name of Project	Number Participating in Committee							
	NGO/C. Society, CBO	Govt. Dept.	Private sector	Parastatal	Farmer Rep. clusters			
Nalep	2	8	7	1	3*			
NMK		4			1			

Proportion of civil society in District Level Governing or Management Committees

	Total Number in Committe e	Representation in Committee (%)					
Name of committee		male	female	Govt. Ministries	Farmer Representat ives	Civil Society	
District Agricultural Committee (DAC)-NYA	17	65	35	59	29	6	
Stakeholders Forum (SHF)- NYA	17	88	12	47	24	6	
District Coordination Unit (DCU)-NYA	8	50	50	88	13	0	

Frequency of District Level Committee Meetings

Name of committee	No. of planned meetings July 2009-June 2010	No. of times committee met over 12 months				
		1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	
DAC	2	0	0	1	1	
Stakeholder Forum	6	1	3	1	1	
DCU	4	0	1	1	0	

Stakeholders Attendance in Committee Meetings

Name of committee		No. of meetings a category of stakeholder was represented					
	meetings held	NGO	Farmer Rep	Private sector	Parastatal	Govt.	
DAC	2	1	2	0	0	2	
Stakehold ers	6	3	5	5	1	5	
DCU	2	0	2	0	0	2	

Stakeholder forum- Although six meetings were held, the file only had minutes for only 5 meeting

Conclusions

- Decentralized system with many oversight committees at various administrative levels
 - Vertical linkages across the admin. Levels
 - High government representation at district and division level committee
 - Modest representation by farmers, low civil and private sector
- Numerous committees addressing productive
 & social issues on food security, environment
 - Horizontal linkages? Not formal

Conclusions

- Perception of farmers on
 - Representation and influence in the various oversight committees declines up the administrative levels
 - Management of committees (NMK) increases up the administrative unit
- Satisfaction with management in project committees
 - Declines up the administrative units
- Civil Society not many but present, not strengthened

Recommendations

- Harmonization/merging of the various committees
 - Duplication, costs and fatigue
 - More funds at the district and divisional level
- Civic education for farmer groups on how to increase their influence in resource allocation and M & E
 - Increase farmers and civil society representation at district and division level

Recommendations

• Education on how a strengthened civil society can contribute to increased food security especially for poor and vulnerable

• Civic education on issues that farmer groups can influence and on how to lobby is necessary.